Time Magazine

...there are plenty of "respectable," valid reasons ...for opposing homosexuality... for most heterosexuals, the issue is not tolerance but social approval... gays argue that homosexuals will never be truly free until society produces a positive image of homosexuality. That is precisely what the majority of Americans

are unwilling to grant...

Many people... are still not prepared to say that it is merely a matter of preference, just as good as—if not better than—other forms of sexual behavior. Many parents believe that... future may require that homosexuality and heterosexuality be discussed in sex education classes as equally desireable choices. Gay Activist Bruce Voeller says he believes that parents who try to push their children toward heterosexuality are guilty of an unjustified use of "straight

Homosexuals counter that increased tolerance is not enough, that the nation owes them protective laws. A good many liberals have bought this argument. But it is possible to doubt that homosexuals are a class of citizens entitled to such legislation. The gov-ernment's function is not to guarantee jobs or apart-ments for every disaffected group in society but only to step in where systematic or massive discrimination requires it. That is clearly not the case with homosexuals.

The homosexual complaint is a claim that homosexuals should not have their private behavior judged when it enters the public arena. No group in America enjoys that protection under the law. "It's a life-style question," said one opponent of a gay rights law. . "We've never seen legislation passed to protect a lifestyle."... in a free society, employers and landlords are granted considerable latitude in taking into account all publicly known aspects of an applicant's character and behavior. The problem is that laws passed for blacks and women are not currently viewed as rare exceptions to the general rule that employers and landlords can hire or rent to whom they please. The Government has better things to do than proliferate categories of unfireable citizens. Like Masons, millenarians and est graduates, homosexuals must take their chances in the marketplace, just as everyone else does. It owes them fairness, but not the kinds of legislation sought by gay groups. The best public policy toward homosexuals is no public policy at all

A New Big Push for **Homosexuals' Rights**

No longer content to be a silent minority, America's homosexuals want equality -and are bringing many changes across the U.S.

U.S. NEWS & WORLD REPORT April 14, 1980

EDITORIAL

Homosexuality and Civil Rights

The ordinance appears to have been unnecessary from the beginning. Its defenders had never really established why "sexual orientation" could not be a legitimate consideration by employers, landlords or the operators of public accommodations. To restrict their right to distinguish between homosexuals who are celibate or discreet and those who are flamboyant and militant, goes far beyond the protection of civil rights . . . the public was asked to move from tolerance of private sexual behavior to what was a public affirmation of the validity of homosexual life.

To deny this . . . to a gay militant is not a violation of his civil rights. To compare his situation to that of oppressed blacks in this country is ideological fantasy.

AMERICA, June 25, 1977

GAYS RECRUIT AT HIGH SCHOOLS

COPY OF FLYER FOUND IN SCHOOL LOCKERS....



For Gays Under 21

If you are gay and under 21 and want to meet or just talk to other gays your own age; we can help!

If you have problems, questions or are just curious about gay life; contact us. We meet once a week to coordinate special activities for gay youth. Write us for information at: F.O. Box 8068 or call at: 244-9793 San Jose CA 95155

We can help,

G.Y.S.G.

The above leaflet was distributed at Lynbrook, Cupertino, Branham and Pioneer High Schools in December, 1979.



TIME, Jan. 8, 1979

Fact: Enough is enough. No on A & B Keep it private.

You think it can't happen here. Think again.

On April 26, 1980, CBS News aired a nation wide documentary on the impact of "Gay Power" politics on the City of San Francisco. The impact of Gay political domination on the character and quality of life in neighborhoods, schools and other public places was clearly pictured. Not a pretty picture either.

Gays advocating the funding to teach homosexuality as an "accepted" lifestyle in schools.

Gays openly taking over a public city park for their own private use, where sex is common place and threats were made to children who innocently observed these acts.

Gays call for hiring quotas, especially in the police department which already has a gay recruitment specialist.

And politicians afraid to stand up to militant gay activists. In fact, in a recent newspaper article, a prominent San Francisco gay leader said: "We can choose who gets elected in this city. Gay support means success at

the polls—opposition means defeat."

What is established fact in San Francisco is now being seen and experienced here in Santa Clara County. Over 2 years ago militant gay activists (by their own admission) laid out a strategy aimed at reproducing their political domination of San Francisco here in San Jose and Santa Clara County. First came Gay Pride Week. Then last year they ramroded through their so-called "gay rights" ordinances. Ordinances that allow them to flaunt their sexual lifestyle publicly; and which force us to hire, live with, or do business

with them irrespective of our personal values or beliefs.

Our community was shocked by this political action. In less than one month over 100,000 concerned citizens signed petitions to place these measures on the

On June 3rd you will be asked to decide if you want "Gay Power" as a permanent political force in our City and County.

The pro-gay supporters of Measures A & B are running an expensive (over \$250,000) media campaign to convince you that it's a simple matter of "live and let live" But don't be deceived. Gay leaders from all over America have contributed hundreds of thousands of dollars to win this crucial test of their political muscle.

If A & B are passed it's just the beginning. In fact, at a recent forum for San Jose City Council candidates, leaders of the Yes on A & B Campaign said, "These ordinances are just the beginning. We also want Gay hiring quotas in all public and private employment. We demand Gay enrollment programs and Gay Studies Departments in our colleges. And we insist on our right to have the homosexual lifestyle taught in high schools as an acceptable alternative.

So don't be confused. Instead get the facts. Read the ordinances themselves. Listen to what gay activists and leaders are really saying. Look around and see what's happening—right here, right now. If you think it can't happen here, think again. If you think enough is enough, vote NO on A & B.

It's a matter of fact.

Time Magazine

. . . there are plenty of "respectable," valid reasons . . . for opposing homosexuality. . . for most heterosexuals, the issue is not tolerance but social approval. . . gays argue that homosexuals will never be truly free until society produces a positive image of homosexuality. That is precisely what the majority of Americans

many people... are still not prepared to say that it is merely a matter of preference, just as good as—if not better than—other forms of sexual behavior.

Many parents believe that... future may require that homosexuality and heterosexuality be discussed in sex education classes as equally desireable choices. Gay Activist Bruce Voeller says he believes that parents who try to push their children toward heterosexuality are guilty of an unjustified use of "straight

Homosexuals counter that increased tolerance is not enough, that the nation owes them protective laws. A good many liberals have bought this argument. But it is possible to doubt that homosexuals are a class of citizens entitled to such legislation. The gov-ernment's function is not to guarantee jobs or apart-ments for every disaffected group in society but only to step in where systematic or massive discrimination requires it. That is clearly not the case with

homosexuals.

The homosexual complaint is a claim that homosexuals should not have their private behavior judged when it enters the public arena. No group in America enjoys that protection under the law. "It's a life-style question," said one opponent of a gay rights law. . "We've never seen legislation passed to protect a lifestyle."... in a free society, employers and landlords are granted considerable latitude in taking into account all publicly known aspects of an applicant's character and behavior. The problem is that laws passed for blacks and women are not currently viewed as rare exceptions to the general rule that employers and landlords can hire or rent to whom they please. The Government has better things to do than proliferate categories of unfireable citizens. Like Masons, millenarians and est graduates, homosexuals must take their chances in the marketplace, just as everyone else does. It owes them fairness, but not the kinds of legislation sought by gay groups. The best public policy toward homosexuals is no public policy at all TIME, Jan. 8, 1979

A New Big Push for **Homosexuals' Rights**

No longer content to be a silent minority, America's homosexuals want equality -and are bringing many changes across the U.S.

U.S. NEWS & WORLD REPORT April 14, 1980

EDITORIAL

Homosexuality and Civil Rights

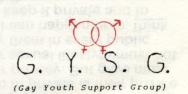
The ordinance appears to have been unnecessary from the beginning. Its defenders had never really established why "sexual orientation" could not be a legitimate consideration by employers, landlords or the operators of public accommodations. To restrict their right to distinguish between homosexuals who are celibate or discreet and those who are flamboyant and militant, goes far beyond the protection of civil rights . . . the public was asked to move from tolerance of private sexual behavior to what was a public affirmation of the validity of homosexual life.

To deny this . . . to a gay militant is not a violation of his civil rights. To compare his situation to that of oppressed blacks in this country is ideological fantasy.

AMERICA, June 25, 1977

GAYS RECRUIT AT HIGH SCHOOLS

COPY OF FLYER FOUND IN SCHOOL LOCKERS....



For Gays Under 21

If you are gay and under 21 and want to meet or just talk to other gays your own age; we can help!

If you have problems, questions or are just curious about gay life; contact us. We meet once a week to coordinate special activities for gay youth. Write us for information at: F.O. Box 8068 or call at: 244-9793 San Jose CA 95155

We can help,

G.Y.S.G.

The above leaflet was distributed at Lynbrook, Cupertino, Branham and Pioneer High Schools in December, 1979.



Fact: Enough is enough. No on A & B Keep it private.

You think it can't happen here. Think again.

On April 26, 1980, CBS News aired a nation wide documentary on the impact of "Gay Power" politics on the City of San Francisco. The impact of Gay political domination on the character and quality of life in neighborhoods, schools and other public places was clearly pictured. Not a pretty picture either.

Gavs advocating the funding to teach homosexuality as an "accepted" lifestyle in schools.

Gays openly taking over a public city park for their own private use, where sex is common place and threats were made to children who innocently observed these acts.

Gays call for hiring quotas, especially in the police department which already has a gay recruitment specialist.

And politicians afraid to stand up to militant gay activists. In fact, in a recent newspaper article, a prominent San Francisco gay leader said: "We can choose who gets elected in this city. Gay support means success at

the polls—opposition means defeat."

What is established fact in San Francisco is now being seen and experienced here in Santa Clara County. Over 2 years ago militant gay activists (by their own admission) laid out a strategy aimed at reproducing their political domination of San Francisco here in San Jose and Santa Clara County. First came Gay Pride Week. Then last year they ramroded through their so-called "gay rights" ordinances. Ordinances that allow them to flaunt their sexual lifestyle publicly; and which force us to hire, live with, or do business

with them irrespective of our personal values or beliefs.

Our community was shocked by this political action. In less than one month over 100,000 concerned citizens signed petitions to place these measures on the

On June 3rd you will be asked to decide if you want "Gay Power" as a permanent political force in our City and County.

The pro-gay supporters of Measures A & B are running an expensive (over \$250,000) media campaign to convince you that it's a simple matter of "live and let live" But don't be deceived. Gay leaders from all over America have contributed hundreds of thousands of dollars to win this crucial test of their political muscle.

If A & B are passed it's just the beginning. In fact, at a recent forum for San Jose City Council candidates, leaders of the Yes on A & B Campaign said, "These ordinances are just the beginning. We also want Gay hiring quotas in all public and private employment. We demand Gay enrollment programs and Gay Studies Departments in our colleges. And we insist on our right to have the homosexual lifestyle taught in high schools as an acceptable alternative.

So don't be confused. Instead get the facts. Read the ordinances themselves. Listen to what gay activists and leaders are really saying. Look around and see what's happening —right here, right now. If you think it can't happen here, think again. If you think enough is enough, vote NO on A & B.

It's a matter of fact.

The facts speak for themselves

The Gays say there exists widespread discrimination against them in areas of housing and employment.

FACT Widespread discrimination in these areas does not exist.

Widespread discrimination against them in these areas does not exist. In over 40 hours of public hearings NOT ONE documented case of discrimination was presented.

.Systematic or massive discrimination. . . is clearly not the case with homosexuals, who, unlike blacks and women, are already well integrated into the economy.

TIME Jan. 8, 1979

"Average gay income. . .was \$23,600, about 50% above the national average. 97% of gays are employed."

US NEWS and WORLD REPORT April 14, 1980: National marketing survey

The Gays say it's a civil rights issue.

It's not a civil rights issue at all.

Sexual preference is a behavior. not an inherent characteristic, as is race, sex, national origin, and all other areas designated by the 1964 Civil Rights Act.

"Homosexuals have not only come out of the closet, they've become militant. They're demanding all kinds of rights...to be fully accepted as 'normal', to marry, to adopt and raise children and to have their lifestyle presented as a perfectly normal alternative to heterosexuality these militant gays are not fighting for their civil rights but are attempting to win converts to their

way of life."
DR. SAMUEL SILVERMAN Associate professor of psychiatry at Harvard Medical School

"The homosexual complaint is a claim that homosexuals should not have their private behavior judged when it enters the public arena. No group in America enjoys that protection under the

TIME Jan. 8, 1979

The Gays say they are not seeking special privileges.

FACT:

Adequate protection of basic rights already exists.

Basic prohibitions against discrimination due to sexual orienta-tion are found in Section 7 of Article 1 of The California Constitution and Section 51 of the Civil

GAYLAWSTUDENTS ASSOCI-ATION VS P.T.& T. May 1979: Bans discrimination in public

CONSENTING ADULTS ACT: Protects sexual conduct between consenting adults in private. . . which brings up the question: what are they really after?

The Gays say how would you like it if you couldn't get a house or job because you are gay?

That's not the issue at all.

That's not the issue at all. The issue is—they shouldn't be guaranteed a job just because they're

They are seeking to be defined as a legitimate minority group and thus have affirmative action programs applied to them.

Gays in San Francisco are demanding more representation on the police force because there aren't enough homosexuals serving in that capacity.

The Gays say discrimination against them poses a threat to the health, safety and general welfare of our community.

Aspects of militant homosexuality are a threat to the health, safety, and welfare of our community.

"San Francisco has the highest adult V.D. rate in the U.S. It is 11 times higher than the national rate. V.D. clinics admitted that over 78% of the patients treated at their facilities were homosexual

.the ultimate goal of the gay liberation movement...is freedom of sexual expression for young people and children. . . We gain nothing by limiting our defense of homosexual love to consensual sex between adults. It is. . . absurd to charge gay men who share their sexuality with boys as 'child molesters'

GALA, SPOKESPERSON, COALITION FOR LESBIAN AND GAY RIGHTERS

"It is essential that the gay liberation movement as a whole recog-nize and fight for the rights of children to control their own bodies, free from the antisexual restraints now imposed upon them by adults and by the institutions adults control — religion, the state, the legal profession, the schools, and the family

GALA, SPOKESPERSON, COALITION FOR LESBIAN AND GAY RIGHTERS

This brochure paid for by: Concerned Citizens Against Sexual Orientation Ordinances 5169 Dent Avenue San Jose, CA 95118 Telephone: 377-0772

Gays Demand:

- Gay hiring quotas in all public and private employment sectors,
- Gay enrollment quotas in colleges and universities,
- Gay Studies Departments in colleges and universities.
- Gays to have homosexuality taught in high schools as an equally acceptable lifestyle.

★The above statements of demand were made by leaders of the YES on A & B campaign at a public meeting for San Jose City Council Candidates recently held at San Jose City College.

Under These Laws:

- It would be illegal for you to refuse to hire a babysitter because he or she is a homosexual or transvestite. (Section 4601)
- It would be illegal for a church, fraternal order, service club or any other group of individuals to refuse to hire a person because of their public sexual behavior or attitude of any kind. (Section 4600.1, 4601)
- It would be illegal to refuse to rent a room in your house or dupiex to a nomosexual or transvestite unless you had to share the same bathroom or kitchen. (Section 4604, 4605)
- It would be illegal for a restaurant or any other business to refuse service to a homosexual or transvestite because of their public sexual behavior. (Section 4606)

The facts are c

Nobody is for discrimination. But enough is enough. Measures A & B are not civil rights issues at all. Instead they give gay people special privileges, opportunities and job considerations because of their sexual lifestyle. Gays feel their sexual choice makes them a special minority deserving of special treatment and protection. No group in America enjoys such treatment and protection under the law. What gays do in private is their private business. Nobody wants to invade their privacy. But gays must not invade our privacy either. And their sexual lifestyle must not be flaunted about or forced upon us by them in every public fashion imaginable. If you don't think it can happen here, think again. Enough is enough. Let's vote to keep it private and to protect our civil rights. Vote NO on A & B.

Enough is enough. Keep it private - Vote No on A & B.

The facts speak for themselves

The Gays say there exists widespread discrimination against them in areas of housing and employment.

FACT Widespread discrimination in these areas does not exist.

Widespread discrimination against them in these areas does not exist. In over 40 hours of public hearings NOT ONE documented case of discrimination was presented.

.Systematic or massive discrimination. . . is clearly not the case with homosexuals, who, unlike blacks and women, are already well integrated into the economy.

TIME Jan. 8, 1979

"Average gay income. . .was \$23,600, about 50% above the national average. 97% of gays are employed."

US NEWS and WORLD REPORT April 14, 1980: National marketing survey

The Gays say it's a civil rights issue.

It's not a civil rights issue at all.

Sexual preference is a behavior. not an inherent characteristic, as is race, sex, national origin, and all other areas designated by the 1964 Civil Rights Act.

"Homosexuals have not only come out of the closet, they've become militant. They're demanding all kinds of rights...to be fully accepted as 'normal', to marry, to adopt and raise children and to have their lifestyle presented as a perfectly normal alternative to heterosexuality these militant gays are not fighting for their civil rights but are attempting to win converts to their way of life."
DR. SAMUEL SILVERMAN

Associate professor of psychiatry at Harvard Medical School

"The homosexual complaint is a claim that homosexuals should not have their private behavior judged when it enters the public arena. No group in America enjoys that protection under the

TIME Jan. 8, 1979

The Gays say they are not seeking special privileges.

Adequate protection of basic rights already exists.

Basic prohibitions against discrimination due to sexual orienta-tion are found in Section 7 of Article 1 of The California Constitution and Section 51 of the Civil

GAYLAWSTUDENTS ASSOCI-ATION VS P.T.& T. May 1979: Bans discrimination in public

CONSENTING ADULTS ACT: Protects sexual conduct between consenting adults in private. . . which brings up the question: what are they really after?

The Gays say how would you like it if you couldn't get a house or job because you are gay?

That's not the issue at all. The issue is-they shouldn't be guaranteed a job just because they're

That's not the issue at all.

They are seeking to be defined as a legitimate minority group and thus have affirmative action programs applied to them.

Gays in San Francisco are demanding more representation on the police force because there aren't enough homosexuals serving in that capacity.

The Gays say discrimination against them poses a threat to the health, safety and general welfare of our community.

Aspects of militant homosexuality are a threat to Aspects of militant homosexuality are a threat to the health, safety, and welfare of our community.

"San Francisco has the highest adult V.D. rate in the U.S. It is 11 times higher than the national rate. V.D. clinics admitted that over 78% of the patients treated at their facilities were homosexual.

.the ultimate goal of the gay liberation movement...is freedom of sexual expression for young people and children. . . We gain nothing by limiting our defense of homosexual love to consensual sex between adults. It is. . . absurd to charge gay men who share their sexuality with boys as 'child molesters'

GALA, SPOKESPERSON, COALITION FOR LESBIAN AND GAY RIGHTERS

"It is essential that the gay liberation movement as a whole recog-nize and fight for the rights of children to control their own bodies, free from the antisexual restraints now imposed upon them by adults and by the institutions adults control — religion, the state, the legal profession, the schools, and the family.

GALA, SPOKESPERSON, COALITION FOR LESBIAN AND GAY RIGHTERS

This brochure paid for by: Concerned Citizens Against Sexual Orientation Ordinances 5169 Dent Avenue San Jose, CA 95118 Telephone: 377-0772

Gays Demand:

- Gay hiring quotas in all public and private employment sectors,
- Gay enrollment quotas in colleges and universities,
- Gay Studies Departments in colleges and universities.
- Gays to have homosexuality taught in high schools as an equally acceptable lifestyle.

[★]The above statements of demand were made by leaders of the YES on A & B campaign at a public meeting for San Jose City Council Candidates recently held at San Jose City College.

Under These Laws:

- It would be illegal for you to refuse to hire a babysitter because he or she is a homosexual or transvestite. (Section 4601)
- It would be illegal for a church, fraternal order, service club or any other group of individuals to refuse to hire a person because of their public sexual behavior or attitude of any kind. (Section 4600.1, 4601)
- It would be illegal to refuse to rent a room in your house or duplex to a nomosexual or transvestite unless you had to share the same bathroom or kitchen. (Section 4604, 4605)
- It would be illegal for a restaurant or any other business to refuse service to a homosexual or transvestite because of their public sexual behavior. (Section 4606)

The facts are c

Nobody is for discrimination. But enough is enough. Measures A & B are not civil rights issues at all. Instead they give gay people special privileges, opportunities and job considerations because of their sexual lifestyle. Gays feel their sexual choice makes them a special minority deserving of special treatment and protection. No group in America enjoys such treatment and protection under the law. What gays do in private is their private business. Nobody wants to invade their privacy. But gays must not invade our privacy either. And their sexual lifestyle must not be flaunted about or forced upon us by them in every public fashion imaginable. If you don't think it can happen here, think again. Enough is enough. Let's vote to keep it private and to protect our civil rights. Vote NO on A & B.

Enough is enough. Keep it private - Vote No on A & B.